

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMER United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

T. Spector 143-001USA000 4366
•
EXAMINER
SANDERS JR, JOHN R
ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER
3737

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

_						
		Application No.	Applicant(s)	/		
		10/613,987	SPECTOR, ROB	ERT T.		
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		John R. Sanders	3737			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communic or Reply	cation appears on the cover s	heet with the correspondence a	ddress		
THE - Exte after - If the - If NO - Failt Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOMAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC nsions of time may be available under the provisions of SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication of the reply specified above is less than thirty (30) period for reply is specified above, the maximum stature to reply within the set or extended period for reply vreply received by the Office later than three months afted patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	CATION. f 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, howev inication. g days, a reply within the statutory minin utory period will apply and will expire Slight, by statute, cause the application to I	er, may a reply be timely filed num of thirty (30) days will be considered time X (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this of the come ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ely. communication.		
Status			•			
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed	d on <u>04 July 2003</u> .				
2a)□	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
3)[Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposit	ion of Claims					
4)⊠	☑ Claim(s) <u>1-7</u> is/are pending in the application.					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-7</u> is/are rejected.					
•	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) 🗌	Claim(s) are subject to restrict	ion and/or election requiren	ent.			
Applicat	ion Papers					
	The specification is objected to by the					
10)⊠	10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>04 July 2003 and 02 Feb 2004</u> is/are: a) accepted or b)⊠ objected to by the Examiner.					
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
🗂	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to	by the Examiner. Note the	attached Office Action of form F	10-152.		
•	under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim to All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority of the pri	documents have been recei	ved.			
	3. Copies of the certified copies of	of the priority documents ha	e been received in this Nationa	al Stage		
	application from the Internation	·				
*	See the attached detailed Office action	n for a list of the certified co	oies not received.			
Attachme	nt(s)					
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892)		nterview Summary (PTO-413)			
2) Noti	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (P	· · · · · · · ·	Paper No(s)/Mail Date Notice of Informal Patent Application (P	TO-152)		
	rmation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or er No(s)/Mail Date	, , 0,00,00,	Other:	· - · • - ,		

Art Unit: 3737

DETAILED ACTION

Drawings

1. New corrected drawings in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in this application because the figures are informal. Applicant is advised to employ the services of a competent patent draftsperson outside the Office, as the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office no longer prepares new drawings. The corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The requirement for corrected drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Claim Objections

2. Claim 4 objected to because of the following informalities: The claim is dependent upon itself. Appropriate correction is required.

Double Patenting

A rejection based on double patenting of the "same invention" type finds its support in the language of 35 U.S.C. 101 which states that "whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process ... may obtain a patent therefor ..." (Emphasis added). Thus, the term "same invention," in this context, means an invention drawn to identical subject matter. See *Miller v. Eagle Mfg. Co.*, 151 U.S. 186 (1894); *In re Ockert*, 245 F.2d 467, 114 USPQ 330 (CCPA 1957); and *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970).

A statutory type (35 U.S.C. 101) double patenting rejection can be overcome by canceling or amending the conflicting claims so they are no longer coextensive in scope. The filing of a terminal disclaimer <u>cannot</u> overcome a double patenting rejection based upon 35 U.S.C. 101.

Application/Control Number: 10/613,987 Page 3

Art Unit: 3737

3. Claims 1-4 are provisionally rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 as claiming the same invention as that of claims 1-4 of copending Application No. 10/885,483. This is a <u>provisional</u> double patenting rejection since the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

4. Claims 5-7 provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 5-7 of copending Application No. 10/885,483. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the scopes of the conflicting claims are substantially similar.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

5. Claims 5 and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant

Application/Control Number: 10/613,987 Page 4

Art Unit: 3737

regards as the invention. The phrase "according to the principles of the present invention" does not lend any defined methodology or apparatus limitations to the claim.

6. Claim 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite in that it fails to point out what is included or excluded by the claim language. This claim is an omnibus type claim.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 7. Claims 1 and 2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent No. 5,956,126 to Cody ("Cody").

Cody discloses an optical instrument and method for the treatment of amblyopia wherein selective optical magnification is used to achieve equal resolution between the two eyes (see Abstract, Summary, also col. 2, lines 2-27).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

Application/Control Number: 10/613,987

Art Unit: 3737

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Page 5

8. Claims 1, 3 and 4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2003/0208265 A1 to Ho et al. ("Ho").

Ho discloses a supplementary endo-capsular lens (SECL) that uses optical magnification to improve an amblyopic patient's vision, without occlusion or penalization therapy. The SECL is used to improve an amblyopic patient's vision in a single eye (paragraphs 52, 54 and 63). A SECL is capable of being implanted in each eye of the patient if the patient exhibits amblyopia in both eyes and one of ordinary skill in the art would find it obvious to do so.

9. Claims 5 and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Cody.

Cody discloses treatment of monocular amblyopia with a binocular lens system. Cody does not expressly disclose an afocal or reverse-afocal binocular lens system. However, afocal or reverse-afocal binocular lens systems are known species of binocular lens systems. One of ordinary skill in the art would have found it obvious to implement a known species of binocular lens system as the lens system disclosed in Cody.

Cody does not expressly disclose the treatment of binocular amblyopia. However, Cody discloses a pair of binocular lens systems (FIG. 1) that is capable of treating binocular amblyopia. A recitation of the intended use of the claimed invention must result in a structural difference between the claimed invention and the prior art in order to patentably distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art. If the prior art structure is capable of performing the

Application/Control Number: 10/613,987 Page 6

Art Unit: 3737

intended use, then it meets the claim. See *In re Casey*, 152 USPQ 235 (CCPA 1967) and *In re Otto*, 136 USPQ 458, 459 (CCPA 1963).

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to John R. Sanders whose telephone number is (703) 305-4974. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30 am to 5:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Brian L. Casler can be reached on (703) 308-3552. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

gvs irs

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 3700